Küreselleşme ve Teknolojik Yayılım Gelir Eşitsizliğini Etkiler Mi? E-7 Ülkelerinden Kanıtlar

Do Globalization and Technological Diffusion Affect Income Inequality? Evidence From E-7 Countries

Research assistant Mahsum Ökmen ©0000-0002-4304-3305 Research assistant Merve Tosun ©0000-0002-6534-6243 Assoc. Prof. Dr. Şeyma Çalışkan Çavdar ©0000-0002-2731-1285

Abstract

The aim of this study is to examine, both theoretically and empirically, the impact of globalization and technological diffusion on income distribution in the E-7 countries. For this reason, the period examined is 1992-2018, when globalization and technological development began to manifest themselves intensively and increased exponentially. The E-7 countries are examined using the Standard Errors Estimator of Drisscoll and Kraay (1998) and the causality test of Dumitrescu & Hurlin (2012). The results of both analyses are generally consistent. It is observed that the trade globalization variable increases income inequality in the E-7 countries, while the participation rate in global value chains, financial globalization and technological diffusion variables reduce income inequality.

The full text of this paper presented at the International Congress on Eurasian Economies 2024 was submitted to an academic journal for publication and therefore has been excluded from the congress proceedings.